

MR. CAMERON - OPENING ADDRESS

1 national ambient air quality objectives are occurring at  
2 a significant level." And, again, that's the report I  
3 gave you last July, Mr. Merrick.

4 Well, in 1985 the Power Corporation decided they'd  
5 address the problem. Soon after, a decision was made to  
6 build Trenton 6, a new 150-megawatt plant at Trenton, to  
7 replace the two 20-megawatt plants, the two old ones.  
8 And the two -- Trenton 3, 4 and Trenton 1 and 2, which  
9 were only 10 megawatts each. And they didn't have any  
10 pollution controls on them at all.

11 Now this would leave the Corporation with Trenton 5  
12 which had pollution control on for ash, but nothing, no  
13 control over sulphur emissions. The new 150-megawatt  
14 unit would have equipment to -- for the fly ash but,  
15 again, it would have no controls for sulphur emissions.  
16 So you can see that the fly ash problem would be solved  
17 but the sulphur emissions would essentially double with  
18 Trenton 6. Double in an area where you already had a  
19 documented problem with sulphur dioxide. Now just think  
20 about that: double, in an area where you already had an  
21 established problem with sulphur dioxide.

22 The choice was very simple. You could install  
23 scrubbers or you could burn low sulphur coal. If you  
24 want to install a scrubber, it will cost at least \$125  
25 million, I've been told, and at least \$16 million more a